Mapping groundwater resources in India – a pilot project covering six areas and more than 3000 km² of land

CSIR-NGRI, Aarhus University, CGWB

Parties

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Vision for Aquifer Management – AQUIM

- Identify and map aquifers on the micro level: 100 .. 1000 km²
- Identify groundwater resources
- Propose management plans appropriate to the scale of demand



Establishing a Methodology

- Pilot study of 6 areas in different hydrogeological terrains
- Integration of multiple disciplines and scientific approaches
 - Hydrogeology
 - Geophysics
 - Hydrochemistry
 - Drilling
 - Groundwater modeling
 - Management approaches
- Pave the way for the National Aquifer Mapping program NAQUIM



Formal Organization of AQUIM

World Bank

Ministry of Water Resources, Central Groundwater Board

- Overall project management
- Hydrological modeling and collection of hydrological data
- Drilling of boreholes

National Geophysical Research Institute (NGRI)

- Planning of all airborne and groundbased surveys
- Data processing, interpretation and reporting

Aarhus University – collaboration agreement with NGRI

- Capacity building in airborne and groundbased geophysics
- Airborne geophysics

SkyTEM Surveys – subcontractor for Aarhus University

Logistics and airborne geophysics using SkyTEM technology

Presentation Layout

- The water problem in a nut shell
- Airborne electromagnetic data
- Status
- Conclusion

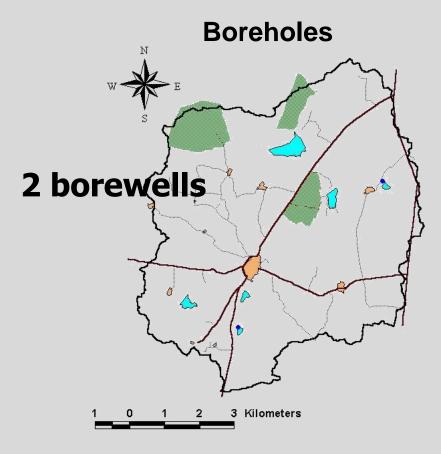


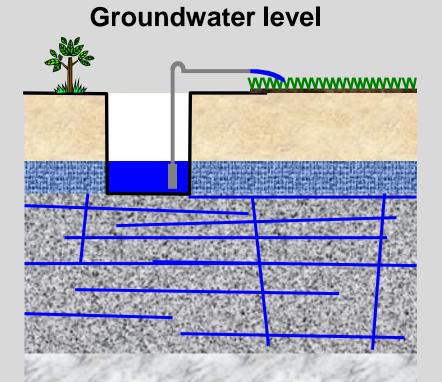
Groundwater Crisis - Aquifer Management

- Major groundwater crisis in India
- The problem is a non-optimal management of the groundwater resources
 - Over exploitation in e.g. Dausa the recharge is 100 mm/year but the usage is 170 mm/year
 - Water quality problem agriculture, industry and natural sources
- Aquifer mapping is the key for an effective management plan



Groundwater Depletion Trend – 1980's







Groundwater Depletion Trend – 1990's

Boreholes 3 Kilometers 2

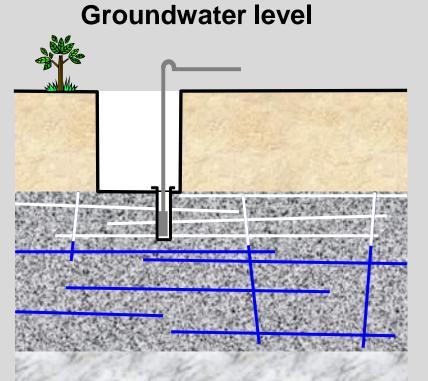
Groundwater level

A. M. C.



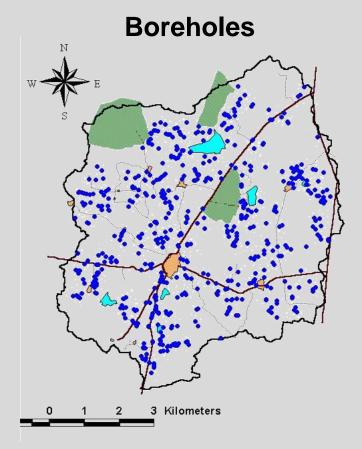
Groundwater Depletion Trend – 1995

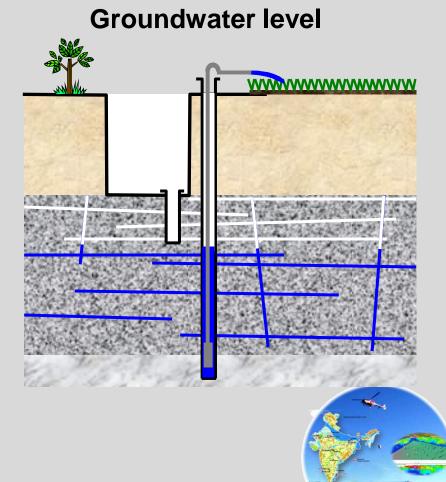
Boreholes 3 Kilometers 2



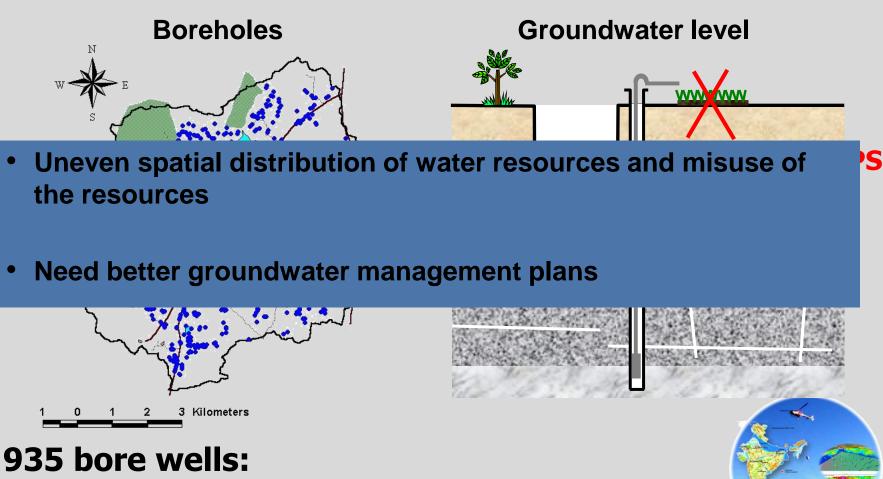


Groundwater Depletion Trend – 2000

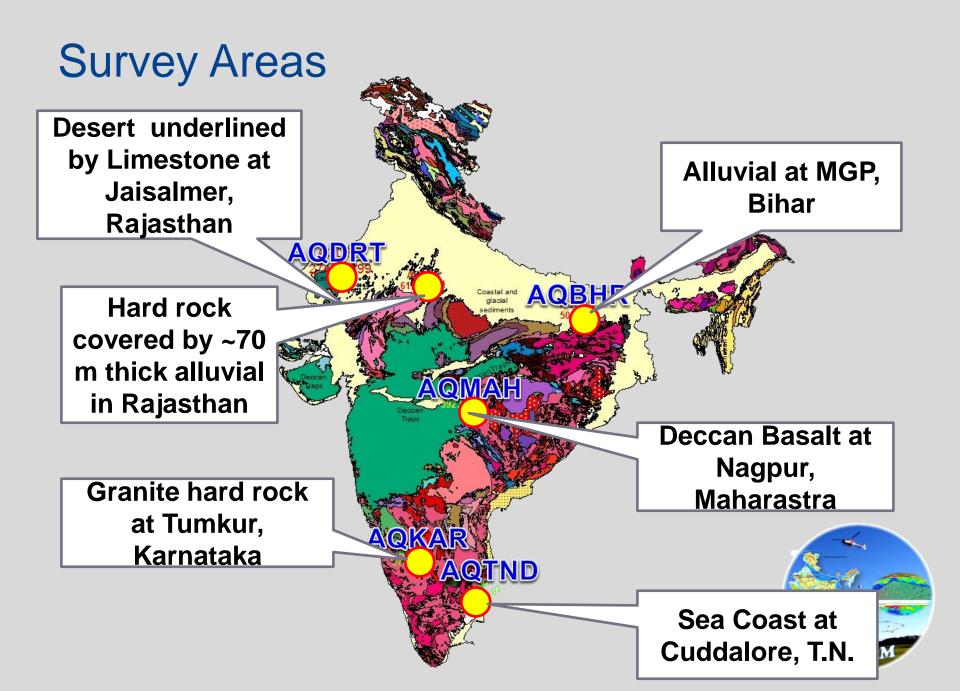




Groundwater Depletion Trend – 2010



-707 in use -228 not used



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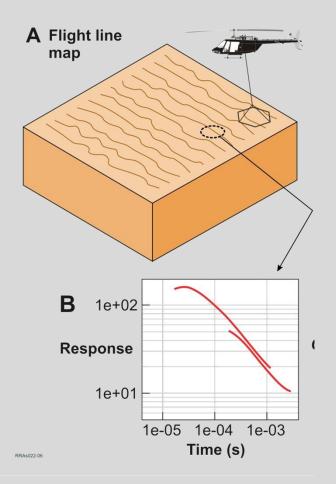


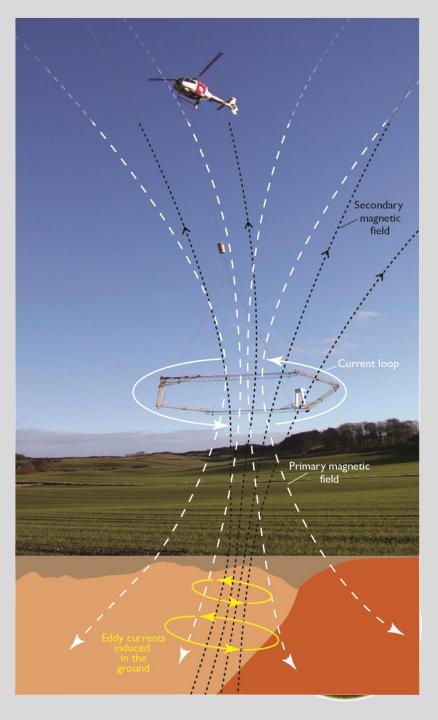
A Geophysical Paradigm Shift in India

- The best and most reliable method for aquifer mapping was Schlumberger soundings (VES) the method of the 1970's!
- Long discussions with CGWB on replacing VES with
 - Electrical Resistivity Imaging 2D profiles
 - Transient electromagnetic soundings
- SkyTEM for full area coverage

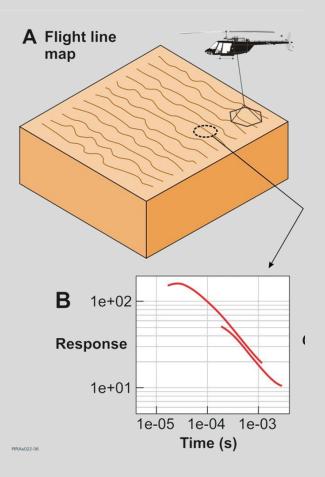


Heliborne Technology





Heliborne Technology





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Capacity Building in 2012 - 2013

- Training courses for ERT, groundbased TEM and SkyTEM
- Training courses in data processing and inversion using Aarhus Workbench and ViewTEM (developed in Aarhus)
- Training courses in extracting simple hydrogeological surfaces

- Processing crew of four at the NRGI campus receiving SkyTEM data twice a week
- Interpretation crew of two making the hydrogeological interpretations



Capacity Building in 2012 - 2013

- Staff from Aarhus in Hyderabad about every month for a year
- Daily contact on email or Skype
- Training and instrument calibration in Denmark
- Participation in all major meetings in India



Collected Geophysical Data

• 11000 km of SkyTEM data with the 304 and the 504 system

- 4 areas of each 1000 3000 km
- The last 3000 km is being flown as we speak
- Very bureaucratic system
 - Every move requires permission and takes a long time
- Data has not been released by the military
 - No results yet!
- No data can leave the field area!
 - All data quality control and on-site inversion in the field
- Hundreds of VES soundings, TEM soundings and ERT profiles has been done before the SkyTEM – internal politics
- Many new boreholes another story.....



Results so far

- "In the four areas flown results are spectacular" the World Bank says!
 - Alluvium mapping
 - Depth to bedrock
 - Scapolite thickness



Results so far

- Fracture zones
- Saltwater intrusion
- Data collection finished February 15th.



Will we succeed?

- Yes, but results will not be taken in detail into the hydrological modeling because of lack of expertise and time 🛞
- Results will be used to form the NAQUIM project but it is still unclear to which office the authority will be given



Right now?

- Finishing work with the data and then reporting
- Workshop for GSI and AMD in March
- For further strengthen the collaboration we like to have an adjunct professorship for Dr. SK Verma (NGRI) at Aarhus University
- Permanent research center with Indian CSIR-NGRI, French BRGM, Danish GEUS and Aarhus University



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Conclusion

- Aquifer based groundwater management 🙂
- Precise aquifer mapping ③
- Establishing geophysical methodology to be up-scaled to entire country [©]
- Successful collaboration despite different cultures, bureaucratic system, and technical skills [©]
- We need to be there and work with our partners ③
- Huge potential for export of Danish Water Resource Mapping Technology [©]



Thanks for listening!